

end child poverty



Child Poverty Map of the UK

October 2014

Compilation of child poverty local indicators 2014 update by Donald Hirsch and Laura Valadez, Centre for Research in Social Policy (CRSP), Loughborough University. August 2014.

Where child poverty is highest

On average throughout the UK, nearly one in six (15.9%) children are classified as below the poverty line before housing costs, while one in four (25.1%) are in poverty once housing costs have been deducted from their income. In three London boroughs, this after housing costs (AHC) figure rises to 40-50 per cent, while in eight other London boroughs and four large cities it is 35-40 per cent. Sixteen parliamentary constituencies have 40-50 per cent of children in poverty on this measure; nine are in London, three each in Birmingham and Manchester and one in Glasgow.

At a more local level, there are more significant concentrations of child poverty: in 16 local wards, the majority of children face poverty.

Table 1: Top 20 parliamentary constituencies with highest levels of child poverty across the UK:

| Constituency | % of children in poverty 2013 (after housing costs) |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Bethnal Green and Bow | 49% |
| 2. Poplar and Limehouse | 49% |
| 3. Birmingham, Ladywood | 47% |
| 4. Manchester Central | 44% |
| 5. Birmingham, Hodge Hill | 43% |
| 6. Edmonton | 43% |
| 7. Westminster North | 43% |
| 8. Tottenham | 42% |
| 9. Hackney South and Shoreditch | 42% |
| 10. Manchester, Gorton | 42% |
| 11. East Ham | 42% |
| 12. Birmingham, Hall Green | 42% |
| 13. Glasgow Central | 41% |
| 14. Hackney North and Stoke Newington | 41% |
| 15. West Ham | 41% |
| 16. Blackley and Broughton | 40% |
| 17. Bradford West | 39% |
| 18. Brent Central | 39% |
| 19. Leeds Central | 39% |
| 20. Bradford East | 39% |

Table 2: Top 20 local authorities with highest levels of child poverty across the UK:

| Local Authority | % of children in poverty 2013 (after housing costs) |
|--------------------------|--|
| 1. Tower Hamlets | 49% |
| 2. Hackney | 41% |
| 3. Newham | 41% |
| 4. Manchester | 39% |
| 5. Westminster | 39% |
| 6. Islington | 38% |
| 7. Enfield | 37% |
| 8. Birmingham | 37% |
| 9. Leicester | 37% |
| 10. Barking and Dagenham | 37% |
| 11. Haringey | 36% |
| 12. Camden | 36% |
| 13. Nottingham | 36% |
| 14. Brent | 35% |
| 15. Waltham Forest | 35% |
| 16. Middlesbrough | 35% |
| 17. Lambeth | 34% |
| 18. Lewisham | 34% |
| 19. Southwark | 34% |
| 20. Oldham | 34% |

Where child poverty is lowest

In 87 constituencies, the estimated child poverty level on the government's before housing cost measure is below 10 per cent, the target set for 2020 in the Child Poverty Act. However, in many of these better-off areas, housing costs are high. On an after housing cost measure only two constituencies have rates below 10 per cent: Sheffield Hallam (the seat of the Deputy Prime Minister) and West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine.

Table 3: Top 20 parliamentary constituencies with lowest levels of child poverty across the UK:

| Constituency | % of children in poverty 2013 (after housing costs) |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine | 9% |
| 2. Sheffield, Hallam | 9% |
| 3. North East Hampshire | 10% |
| 4. East Dunbartonshire | 11% |
| 5. Henley | 11% |
| 6. Wokingham | 11% |
| 7. Haltemprice and Howden | 11% |
| 8. Buckingham | 12% |
| 9. Gordon | 12% |
| 10. Orkney and Shetland | 12% |
| 11. South Northamptonshire | 12% |
| 12. Mole Valley | 12% |
| 13. York Outer | 12% |
| 14. Wyre and Preston North | 12% |
| 15. Sutton Coldfield | 12% |
| 16. Rushcliffe | 13% |
| 17. North Somerset | 13% |
| 18. South Cambridgeshire | 13% |
| 19. Winchester | 13% |
| 20. Hitchin and Harpenden | 13% |

Table 4: Top 20 local authorities with lowest levels of child poverty across the UK:

| Local Authority | % of children in poverty 2013 (after housing costs) |
|---------------------------|--|
| 1. Shetland Islands | 10% |
| 2. Wokingham | 10% |
| 3. Hart | 11% |
| 4. Isles of Scilly | 12% |
| 5. South Northamptonshire | 12% |
| 6. South Oxfordshire | 12% |
| 7. Harborough | 13% |
| 8. Rushcliffe | 13% |
| 9. Mole Valley | 13% |
| 10. Ribble Valley | 13% |
| 11. South Cambridgeshire | 13% |
| 12. Mid Sussex | 13% |
| 13. East Dunbartonshire | 13% |
| 14. Waverley | 13% |
| 15. West Oxfordshire | 13% |
| 16. Vale of White Horse | 13% |
| 17. Elmbridge | 13% |

| | |
|-------------------|-----|
| 18. South Bucks | 13% |
| 19. Fareham | 14% |
| 20. Aberdeenshire | 14% |

The local indicators in this report:

The figures presented in this report are based on tax credit data, used to estimate the percentage of children on low incomes in local authorities, parliamentary constituencies and wards across the UK. They also use national trends in worklessness to estimate recent changes in the number of children who are in poverty because their parents have lost their jobs, to update the local tax credit data which is more than two years old.

This is not a direct measure of exactly how many children are in poverty on the official definition, but is based on the closest to an equivalent measure we have of local levels of child poverty. The data have been adjusted to produce figures compatible with the measures derived from the national survey of income, showing how many children live in households with below 60 per cent of median income. Specifically, the adjustments ensure that the total reported level of child poverty, before and after housing costs, is similar when adding up all the local figures as the official national totals. Thus, the local data gives an idea of the relative poverty levels in different areas, but are adjusted to estimate what these actual levels would be if they could be measured on the same basis as the national household income survey.

The local data starts by classifying children in poverty if they live in families in receipt of out of work benefits or in receipt of in-work tax credits where their reported family income is less than 60 per cent of median income. This indicator, compiled officially as a local estimate of child poverty, has been reported for August 2011 by HMRC. However, on its own it provides an inaccurate picture of actual child poverty, considerably overstating the numbers in out-of-work poverty and understating the numbers in working poverty. While these factors may balance out overall, they can seriously misrepresent the overall trend where working and non-working poverty change in different ways, as well as misrepresenting local differences where working poverty is relatively more important in some areas than others. Therefore, the figures include an upward adjustment in the in-work figure and a downward adjustment in the out-of-work figure. The adjustments are made separately to for AHC and BHC estimates, in each case according to how the total of the local estimates compare to the actual national measure. Figures are then updated, taking into account Labour Force Survey data on the number of children in non-working households for the final quarter of 2013.

Regional child poverty figures

East of England

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Babergh | 20% |
| Basildon | 24% |
| Bedford | 25% |
| Braintree | 19% |
| Breckland | 22% |
| Brentwood | 16% |
| Broadland | 16% |
| Broxbourne | 22% |
| Cambridge | 21% |
| Castle Point | 21% |
| Central Bedfordshire | 17% |
| Chelmsford | 18% |
| Colchester | 21% |
| Dacorum | 18% |
| East Cambridgeshire | 15% |
| East Hertfordshire | 14% |
| Epping Forest | 20% |
| Fenland | 25% |
| Forest Heath | 22% |
| Great Yarmouth | 30% |
| Harlow | 25% |
| Hertsmere | 19% |
| Huntingdonshire | 17% |
| Ipswich | 27% |
| King's Lynn and West Norfolk | 23% |
| Luton | 33% |
| Maldon | 18% |
| Mid Suffolk | 16% |
| North Hertfordshire | 17% |
| North Norfolk | 24% |
| Norwich | 31% |
| Peterborough | 30% |
| Rochford | 16% |
| South Cambridgeshire | 13% |
| South Norfolk | 19% |
| Southend-on-Sea | 28% |
| St Albans | 14% |
| St Edmundsbury | 17% |
| Stevenage | 24% |
| Suffolk Coastal | 19% |
| Tendring | 29% |
| Three Rivers | 16% |
| Thurrock | 25% |
| Uttlesford | 14% |
| Watford | 21% |
| Waveney | 26% |
| Welwyn Hatfield | 20% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Basildon and Billericay | 24% |
| Bedford | 30% |
| Braintree | 19% |
| Brentwood and Ongar | 17% |
| Broadland | 18% |
| Broxbourne | 21% |
| Bury St Edmunds | 17% |
| Cambridge | 22% |
| Castle Point | 21% |
| Central Suffolk and North Ipswich | 17% |
| Chelmsford | 19% |
| Clacton | 33% |
| Colchester | 24% |
| Epping Forest | 20% |
| Great Yarmouth | 30% |
| Harlow | 24% |
| Harwich and North Essex | 20% |
| Hemel Hempstead | 21% |
| Hertford and Stortford | 14% |
| Hertsmere | 19% |
| Hitchin and Harpenden | 13% |
| Huntingdon | 17% |
| Ipswich | 27% |
| Luton North | 30% |
| Luton South | 35% |
| Maldon | 17% |
| Mid Bedfordshire | 14% |
| Mid Norfolk | 20% |
| North East Bedfordshire | 16% |
| North East Cambridgeshire | 24% |
| North East Hertfordshire | 17% |
| North Norfolk | 25% |
| North West Cambridgeshire | 19% |
| North West Norfolk | 24% |
| Norwich North | 24% |
| Norwich South | 29% |
| Peterborough | 33% |
| Rayleigh and Wickford | 14% |
| Rochford and Southend East | 32% |
| Saffron Walden | 14% |
| South Basildon and East Thurrock | 24% |
| South Cambridgeshire | 13% |
| South East Cambridgeshire | 14% |
| South Norfolk | 19% |
| South Suffolk | 20% |
| South West Bedfordshire | 21% |
| South West Hertfordshire | 14% |
| South West Norfolk | 22% |
| Southend West | 22% |
| St Albans | 16% |
| Stevenage | 23% |
| Suffolk Coastal | 21% |
| Thurrock | 27% |

| | |
|-----------------|-----|
| Watford | 20% |
| Waveney | 26% |
| Welwyn Hatfield | 21% |
| West Suffolk | 20% |
| Witham | 18% |

East Midlands

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| Amber Valley | 21% |
| Ashfield | 27% |
| Bassetlaw | 23% |
| Blaby | 15% |
| Bolsover | 28% |
| Boston | 23% |
| Broxtowe | 19% |
| Charnwood | 19% |
| Chesterfield | 25% |
| Corby | 25% |
| Daventry | 16% |
| Derby | 29% |
| Derbyshire Dales | 18% |
| East Lindsey | 28% |
| East Northamptonshire | 17% |
| Erewash | 22% |
| Gedling | 20% |
| Harborough | 13% |
| High Peak | 19% |
| Hinckley and Bosworth | 17% |
| Kettering | 21% |
| Leicester | 37% |
| Lincoln | 27% |
| Mansfield | 27% |
| Melton | 16% |
| Newark and Sherwood | 22% |
| North East Derbyshire | 20% |
| North Kesteven | 18% |
| North West Leicestershire | 19% |
| Northampton | 24% |
| Nottingham | 36% |
| Oadby and Wigston | 18% |
| Rushcliffe | 13% |
| Rutland | 14% |
| South Derbyshire | 18% |
| South Holland | 22% |
| South Kesteven | 20% |
| South Northamptonshire | 12% |
| Wellingborough | 24% |
| West Lindsey | 22% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----|
| Amber Valley | 23% |
| Ashfield | 27% |
| Bassetlaw | 23% |
| Bolsover | 28% |
| Boston and Skegness | 27% |
| Bosworth | 17% |
| Broxtowe | 18% |
| Charnwood | 15% |
| Chesterfield | 25% |
| Corby | 21% |
| Daventry | 16% |
| Derby North | 25% |
| Derby South | 35% |
| Derbyshire Dales | 17% |
| Erewash | 23% |
| Gainsborough | 22% |
| Gedling | 21% |
| Grantham and Stamford | 21% |
| Harborough | 16% |
| High Peak | 19% |
| Kettering | 21% |
| Leicester East | 36% |
| Leicester South | 39% |
| Leicester West | 35% |
| Lincoln | 26% |
| Loughborough | 22% |
| Louth and Horncastle | 25% |
| Mansfield | 27% |
| Mid Derbyshire | 14% |
| Newark | 19% |
| North East Derbyshire | 19% |
| North West Leicestershire | 19% |
| Northampton North | 24% |
| Northampton South | 28% |
| Nottingham East | 38% |
| Nottingham North | 37% |
| Nottingham South | 31% |
| Rushcliffe | 13% |
| Rutland and Melton | 15% |
| Sherwood | 23% |
| Sleaford and North Hykeham | 18% |
| South Derbyshire | 18% |
| South Holland and The Deepings | 21% |
| South Leicestershire | 14% |
| South Northamptonshire | 12% |
| Wellingborough | 23% |

London

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Barking and Dagenham | 37% |
| Barnet | 27% |
| Bexley | 23% |
| Brent | 35% |
| Bromley | 21% |
| Camden | 36% |
| City of London | 16% |
| Croydon | 30% |
| Ealing | 31% |
| Enfield | 37% |
| Greenwich | 33% |
| Hackney | 41% |
| Hammersmith and Fulham | 31% |
| Haringey | 36% |
| Harrow | 29% |
| Havering | 23% |
| Hillingdon | 28% |
| Hounslow | 30% |
| Islington | 38% |
| Kensington and Chelsea | 28% |
| Kingston upon Thames | 21% |
| Lambeth | 34% |
| Lewisham | 34% |
| Merton | 25% |
| Newham | 41% |
| Redbridge | 31% |
| Richmond upon Thames | 15% |
| Southwark | 34% |
| Sutton | 20% |
| Tower Hamlets | 49% |
| Waltham Forest | 35% |
| Wandsworth | 27% |
| Westminster | 39% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Barking | 37% |
| Battersea | 26% |
| Beckenham | 16% |
| Bermondsey and Old Southwark | 36% |
| Bethnal Green and Bow | 49% |
| Bexleyheath and Crayford | 23% |
| Brent Central | 39% |
| Brent North | 31% |
| Brentford and Isleworth | 27% |
| Bromley and Chislehurst | 22% |
| Camberwell and Peckham | 36% |
| Carshalton and Wallington | 22% |
| Chelsea and Fulham | 24% |
| Chingford and Woodford Green | 27% |
| Chipping Barnet | 23% |
| Cities of London and Westminster | 31% |
| Croydon Central | 31% |
| Croydon North | 35% |
| Croydon South | 21% |
| Dagenham and Rainham | 33% |
| Dulwich and West Norwood | 30% |
| Ealing Central and Acton | 29% |
| Ealing North | 32% |
| Ealing, Southall | 32% |
| East Ham | 42% |
| Edmonton | 43% |
| Eltham | 27% |
| Enfield North | 38% |
| Enfield, Southgate | 26% |
| Erith and Thamesmead | 33% |
| Feltham and Heston | 33% |
| Finchley and Golders Green | 26% |
| Greenwich and Woolwich | 35% |
| Hackney North and Stoke Newington | 41% |
| Hackney South and Shoreditch | 42% |
| Hammersmith | 34% |
| Hampstead and Kilburn | 31% |
| Harrow East | 29% |
| Harrow West | 31% |
| Hayes and Harlington | 35% |
| Hendon | 31% |
| Holborn and St Pancras | 39% |
| Hornchurch and Upminster | 21% |
| Hornsey and Wood Green | 27% |
| Ilford North | 28% |
| Ilford South | 37% |
| Islington North | 38% |
| Islington South and Finsbury | 39% |
| Kensington | 30% |
| Kingston and Surbiton | 23% |
| Lewisham East | 33% |
| Lewisham West and Penge | 32% |
| Lewisham, Deptford | 36% |

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Leyton and Wanstead | 33% |
| Mitcham and Morden | 32% |
| Old Bexley and Sidcup | 18% |
| Orpington | 20% |
| Poplar and Limehouse | 49% |
| Putney | 28% |
| Richmond Park | 15% |
| Romford | 23% |
| Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner | 16% |
| Streatham | 32% |
| Sutton and Cheam | 17% |
| Tooting | 28% |
| Tottenham | 42% |
| Twickenham | 15% |
| Uxbridge and South Ruislip | 24% |
| Vauxhall | 37% |
| Walthamstow | 37% |
| West Ham | 41% |
| Westminster North | 43% |
| Wimbledon | 15% |

North East

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|----------------------|-----|
| County Durham | 27% |
| Darlington | 25% |
| Gateshead | 27% |
| Hartlepool | 31% |
| Middlesbrough | 35% |
| Newcastle upon Tyne | 32% |
| North Tyneside | 23% |
| Northumberland | 22% |
| Redcar and Cleveland | 28% |
| South Tyneside | 29% |
| Stockton-on-Tees | 25% |
| Sunderland | 29% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|--|-----|
| Berwick-upon-Tweed | 21% |
| Bishop Auckland | 26% |
| Blaydon | 23% |
| Blyth Valley | 24% |
| City of Durham | 23% |
| Darlington | 27% |
| Easington | 31% |
| Gateshead | 32% |
| Hartlepool | 31% |
| Hexham | 16% |
| Houghton and Sunderland South | 27% |
| Jarrow | 24% |
| Middlesbrough | 38% |
| Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland | 27% |
| Newcastle upon Tyne Central | 38% |
| Newcastle upon Tyne East | 31% |
| Newcastle upon Tyne North | 25% |
| North Durham | 26% |
| North Tyneside | 26% |
| North West Durham | 24% |
| Redcar | 28% |
| Sedgefield | 26% |
| South Shields | 32% |
| Stockton North | 30% |
| Stockton South | 20% |
| Sunderland Central | 30% |
| Tynemouth | 19% |
| Wansbeck | 25% |
| Washington and Sunderland West | 30% |

North West

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| Allerdale | 21% |
| Barrow-in-Furness | 26% |
| Blackburn with Darwen | 34% |
| Blackpool | 34% |
| Bolton | 29% |
| Burnley | 33% |
| Bury | 24% |
| Carlisle | 20% |
| Cheshire East | 18% |
| Cheshire West and Chester | 20% |
| Chorley | 18% |
| Copeland | 22% |
| Eden | 17% |
| Fylde | 19% |
| Halton | 27% |
| Hyndburn | 30% |
| Knowsley | 30% |
| Lancaster | 22% |
| Liverpool | 32% |
| Manchester | 39% |
| Oldham | 34% |
| Pendle | 33% |
| Preston | 27% |
| Ribble Valley | 13% |
| Rochdale | 32% |
| Rossendale | 26% |
| Salford | 30% |
| Sefton | 23% |
| South Lakeland | 14% |
| South Ribble | 17% |
| St. Helens | 26% |
| Stockport | 21% |
| Tameside | 28% |
| Trafford | 21% |
| Warrington | 19% |
| West Lancashire | 21% |
| Wigan | 25% |
| Wirral | 25% |
| Wyre | 22% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Altrincham and Sale West | 14% |
| Ashton-under-Lyne | 29% |
| Barrow and Furness | 24% |
| Birkenhead | 33% |
| Blackburn | 37% |
| Blackley and Broughton | 40% |
| Blackpool North and Cleveleys | 29% |
| Blackpool South | 36% |
| Bolton North East | 30% |
| Bolton South East | 34% |
| Bolton West | 23% |
| Bootle | 30% |
| Burnley | 33% |
| Bury North | 23% |
| Bury South | 24% |
| Carlisle | 21% |
| Cheadle | 14% |
| Chorley | 18% |
| City of Chester | 21% |
| Congleton | 16% |
| Copeland | 21% |
| Crewe and Nantwich | 21% |
| Denton and Reddish | 25% |
| Eddisbury | 20% |
| Ellesmere Port and Neston | 23% |
| Fylde | 19% |
| Garston and Halewood | 27% |
| Halton | 27% |
| Hazel Grove | 18% |
| Heywood and Middleton | 27% |
| Hyndburn | 30% |
| Knowsley | 31% |
| Lancaster and Fleetwood | 25% |
| Leigh | 25% |
| Liverpool, Riverside | 38% |
| Liverpool, Walton | 34% |
| Liverpool, Wavertree | 31% |
| Liverpool, West Derby | 31% |
| Macclesfield | 15% |
| Makerfield | 22% |
| Manchester Central | 44% |
| Manchester, Gorton | 42% |
| Manchester, Withington | 30% |
| Morecambe and Lunesdale | 24% |
| Oldham East and Saddleworth | 31% |
| Oldham West and Royton | 38% |
| Pendle | 33% |
| Penrith and The Border | 17% |
| Preston | 33% |
| Ribble Valley | 14% |
| Rochdale | 36% |
| Rossendale and Darwen | 24% |
| Salford and Eccles | 31% |

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Sefton Central | 15% |
| South Ribble | 17% |
| Southport | 21% |
| St Helens North | 27% |
| St Helens South and Whiston | 26% |
| Stalybridge and Hyde | 28% |
| Stockport | 27% |
| Stretford and Urmston | 27% |
| Tatton | 17% |
| Wallasey | 29% |
| Warrington North | 23% |
| Warrington South | 16% |
| Weaver Vale | 21% |
| West Lancashire | 23% |
| Westmorland and Lonsdale | 13% |
| Wigan | 27% |
| Wirral South | 17% |
| Wirral West | 16% |
| Workington | 22% |
| Worsley and Eccles South | 28% |
| Wyre and Preston North | 12% |
| Wythenshawe and Sale East | 29% |

South East

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Adur | 21% |
| Arun | 22% |
| Ashford | 22% |
| Aylesbury Vale | 16% |
| Basingstoke and Deane | 17% |
| Bracknell Forest | 16% |
| Brighton and Hove | 25% |
| Canterbury | 22% |
| Cherwell | 17% |
| Chichester | 18% |
| Chiltern | 14% |
| Crawley | 24% |
| Dartford | 21% |
| Dover | 27% |
| East Hampshire | 15% |
| Eastbourne | 28% |
| Eastleigh | 16% |
| Elmbridge | 13% |
| Epsom and Ewell | 15% |
| Fareham | 14% |
| Gosport | 23% |
| Gravesham | 26% |
| Guildford | 15% |
| Hart | 11% |
| Hastings | 30% |
| Havant | 25% |
| Horsham | 14% |
| Isle of Wight | 28% |
| Lewes | 23% |
| Maidstone | 20% |
| Medway | 24% |
| Mid Sussex | 13% |
| Milton Keynes | 25% |
| Mole Valley | 13% |
| New Forest | 19% |
| Oxford | 25% |
| Portsmouth | 29% |
| Reading | 24% |
| Reigate and Banstead | 15% |
| Rother | 25% |
| Runnymede | 16% |
| Rushmoor | 19% |
| Sevenoaks | 16% |
| Shepway | 26% |
| Slough | 27% |
| South Bucks | 13% |
| South Oxfordshire | 12% |
| Southampton | 30% |
| Spelthorne | 16% |

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Surrey Heath | 14% |
| Swale | 26% |
| Tandridge | 15% |
| Test Valley | 16% |
| Thanet | 32% |
| Tonbridge and Malling | 17% |
| Tunbridge Wells | 17% |
| Vale of White Horse | 13% |
| Waverley | 13% |
| Wealden | 18% |
| West Berkshire | 15% |
| West Oxfordshire | 13% |
| Winchester | 14% |
| Windsor and Maidenhead | 16% |
| Woking | 16% |
| Wokingham | 10% |
| Worthing | 19% |
| Wycombe | 18% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----|
| Aldershot | 19% |
| Arundel and South Downs | 16% |
| Ashford | 21% |
| Aylesbury | 18% |
| Banbury | 17% |
| Basingstoke | 19% |
| Beaconsfield | 13% |
| Bexhill and Battle | 23% |
| Bognor Regis and Littlehampton | 25% |
| Bracknell | 16% |
| Brighton, Kemptown | 31% |
| Brighton, Pavilion | 22% |
| Buckingham | 12% |
| Canterbury | 22% |
| Chatham and Aylesford | 27% |
| Chesham and Amersham | 14% |
| Chichester | 18% |
| Crawley | 24% |
| Dartford | 21% |
| Dover | 28% |
| East Hampshire | 15% |
| East Surrey | 16% |
| East Worthing and Shoreham | 19% |
| Eastbourne | 27% |
| Eastleigh | 17% |
| Epsom and Ewell | 13% |
| Esher and Walton | 14% |
| Fareham | 14% |
| Faversham and Mid Kent | 22% |
| Folkestone and Hythe | 26% |
| Gillingham and Rainham | 23% |
| Gosport | 22% |
| Gravesham | 26% |
| Guildford | 15% |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Hastings and Rye | 30% |
| Havant | 26% |
| Henley | 11% |
| Horsham | 13% |
| Hove | 23% |
| Isle of Wight | 28% |
| Lewes | 22% |
| Maidenhead | 14% |
| Maidstone and The Weald | 18% |
| Meon Valley | 16% |
| Mid Sussex | 13% |
| Milton Keynes North | 25% |
| Milton Keynes South | 24% |
| Mole Valley | 12% |
| New Forest East | 19% |
| New Forest West | 19% |
| Newbury | 16% |
| North East Hampshire | 10% |
| North Thanet | 28% |
| North West Hampshire | 16% |
| Oxford East | 28% |
| Oxford West and Abingdon | 14% |
| Portsmouth North | 24% |
| Portsmouth South | 34% |
| Reading East | 20% |
| Reading West | 23% |
| Reigate | 15% |
| Rochester and Strood | 22% |
| Romsey and Southampton North | 19% |
| Runnymede and Weybridge | 15% |
| Sevenoaks | 16% |
| Sittingbourne and Sheppey | 27% |
| Slough | 27% |
| South Thanet | 32% |
| South West Surrey | 13% |
| Southampton, Itchen | 30% |
| Southampton, Test | 30% |
| Spelthorne | 16% |
| Surrey Heath | 15% |
| Tonbridge and Malling | 17% |
| Tunbridge Wells | 17% |
| Wantage | 14% |
| Wealden | 18% |
| Winchester | 13% |
| Windsor | 14% |
| Witney | 13% |
| Woking | 16% |
| Wokingham | 11% |
| Worthing West | 19% |
| Wycombe | 21% |

South West

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Bath and North East Somerset | 19% |
| Bournemouth | 25% |
| Bristol, City of | 26% |
| Cheltenham | 20% |
| Christchurch | 21% |
| Cornwall | 26% |
| Cotswold | 16% |
| East Devon | 18% |
| East Dorset | 16% |
| Exeter | 21% |
| Forest of Dean | 21% |
| Gloucester | 23% |
| Isles of Scilly | 12% |
| Mendip | 21% |
| Mid Devon | 20% |
| North Devon | 22% |
| North Dorset | 19% |
| North Somerset | 19% |
| Plymouth | 26% |
| Poole | 21% |
| Purbeck | 21% |
| Sedgemoor | 24% |
| South Gloucestershire | 15% |
| South Hams | 22% |
| South Somerset | 19% |
| Stroud | 18% |
| Swindon | 21% |
| Taunton Deane | 21% |
| Teignbridge | 22% |
| Tewkesbury | 17% |
| Torbay | 29% |
| Torrige | 25% |
| West Devon | 21% |
| West Dorset | 21% |
| West Somerset | 26% |
| Weymouth and Portland | 25% |
| Wiltshire | 17% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Bath | 21% |
| Bournemouth East | 24% |
| Bournemouth West | 27% |
| Bridgwater and West Somerset | 26% |
| Bristol East | 24% |
| Bristol North West | 24% |
| Bristol South | 28% |
| Bristol West | 29% |
| Camborne and Redruth | 28% |

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----|
| Central Devon | 22% |
| Cheltenham | 20% |
| Chippenham | 18% |
| Christchurch | 20% |
| Devizes | 15% |
| East Devon | 17% |
| Exeter | 21% |
| Filton and Bradley Stoke | 15% |
| Forest of Dean | 21% |
| Gloucester | 24% |
| Kingswood | 17% |
| Mid Dorset and North Poole | 17% |
| Newton Abbot | 22% |
| North Cornwall | 28% |
| North Devon | 22% |
| North Dorset | 17% |
| North East Somerset | 17% |
| North Somerset | 13% |
| North Swindon | 20% |
| North Wiltshire | 14% |
| Plymouth, Moor View | 29% |
| Plymouth, Sutton and Devonport | 29% |
| Poole | 22% |
| Salisbury | 17% |
| Somerton and Frome | 21% |
| South Dorset | 24% |
| South East Cornwall | 24% |
| South Swindon | 23% |
| South West Devon | 16% |
| South West Wiltshire | 19% |
| St Austell and Newquay | 27% |
| St Ives | 27% |
| Stroud | 18% |
| Taunton Deane | 21% |
| Tewkesbury | 16% |
| The Cotswolds | 16% |
| Thornbury and Yate | 13% |
| Tiverton and Honiton | 20% |
| Torbay | 28% |
| Torrige and West Devon | 23% |
| Totnes | 28% |
| Truro and Falmouth | 23% |
| Wells | 21% |
| West Dorset | 21% |
| Weston-Super-Mare | 24% |
| Yeovil | 19% |

West Midlands

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Birmingham | 37% |
| Bromsgrove | 14% |
| Cannock Chase | 23% |
| Coventry | 29% |
| Dudley | 26% |
| East Staffordshire | 23% |
| Herefordshire, County of | 21% |
| Lichfield | 18% |
| Malvern Hills | 19% |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme | 23% |
| North Warwickshire | 19% |
| Nuneaton and Bedworth | 23% |
| Redditch | 23% |
| Rugby | 18% |
| Sandwell | 34% |
| Shropshire | 20% |
| Solihull | 20% |
| South Staffordshire | 18% |
| Stafford | 17% |
| Staffordshire Moorlands | 17% |
| Stoke-on-Trent | 31% |
| Stratford-on-Avon | 17% |
| Tamworth | 22% |
| Telford and Wrekin | 27% |
| Walsall | 32% |
| Warwick | 16% |
| Wolverhampton | 33% |
| Worcester | 23% |
| Wychavon | 17% |
| Wyre Forest | 24% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Aldridge-Brownhills | 19% |
| Birmingham, Edgbaston | 31% |
| Birmingham, Erdington | 36% |
| Birmingham, Hall Green | 42% |
| Birmingham, Hodge Hill | 43% |
| Birmingham, Ladywood | 47% |
| Birmingham, Northfield | 32% |
| Birmingham, Perry Barr | 38% |
| Birmingham, Selly Oak | 30% |
| Birmingham, Yardley | 35% |
| Bromsgrove | 14% |
| Burton | 24% |
| Cannock Chase | 23% |
| Coventry North East | 33% |
| Coventry North West | 24% |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Coventry South | 28% |
| Dudley North | 30% |
| Dudley South | 25% |
| Halesowen and Rowley Regis | 27% |
| Hereford and South Herefordshire | 21% |
| Kenilworth and Southam | 14% |
| Lichfield | 18% |
| Ludlow | 21% |
| Meriden | 23% |
| Mid Worcestershire | 17% |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme | 23% |
| North Herefordshire | 20% |
| North Shropshire | 20% |
| North Warwickshire | 20% |
| Nuneaton | 24% |
| Redditch | 22% |
| Rugby | 18% |
| Shrewsbury and Atcham | 20% |
| Solihull | 15% |
| South Staffordshire | 18% |
| Stafford | 19% |
| Staffordshire Moorlands | 18% |
| Stoke-on-Trent Central | 33% |
| Stoke-on-Trent North | 32% |
| Stoke-on-Trent South | 27% |
| Stone | 14% |
| Stourbridge | 25% |
| Stratford-on-Avon | 17% |
| Sutton Coldfield | 12% |
| Tamworth | 22% |
| Telford | 30% |
| The Wrekin | 23% |
| Walsall North | 35% |
| Walsall South | 37% |
| Warley | 36% |
| Warwick and Leamington | 17% |
| West Bromwich East | 31% |
| West Bromwich West | 34% |
| West Worcestershire | 19% |
| Wolverhampton North East | 34% |
| Wolverhampton South East | 35% |
| Wolverhampton South West | 29% |
| Worcester | 23% |
| Wyre Forest | 24% |

Yorkshire and the Humber

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Barnsley | 28% |
| Bradford | 33% |
| Calderdale | 27% |
| Craven | 16% |
| Doncaster | 28% |
| East Riding of Yorkshire | 19% |
| Hambleton | 16% |
| Harrogate | 14% |
| Kingston upon Hull, City of | 34% |
| Kirklees | 27% |
| Leeds | 26% |
| North East Lincolnshire | 30% |
| North Lincolnshire | 24% |
| Richmondshire | 16% |
| Rotherham | 27% |
| Ryedale | 19% |
| Scarborough | 27% |
| Selby | 19% |
| Sheffield | 28% |
| Wakefield | 25% |
| York | 18% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Barnsley Central | 28% |
| Barnsley East | 30% |
| Batley and Spen | 28% |
| Beverley and Holderness | 19% |
| Bradford East | 39% |
| Bradford South | 31% |
| Bradford West | 39% |
| Brigg and Goole | 21% |
| Calder Valley | 21% |
| Cleethorpes | 23% |
| Colne Valley | 22% |
| Dewsbury | 28% |
| Don Valley | 26% |
| Doncaster Central | 30% |
| Doncaster North | 29% |
| East Yorkshire | 23% |
| Elmet and Rothwell | 15% |
| Great Grimsby | 34% |
| Halifax | 32% |
| Haltemprice and Howden | 11% |
| Harrogate and Knaresborough | 14% |
| Hemsworth | 25% |
| Huddersfield | 30% |
| Keighley | 26% |
| Kingston upon Hull East | 31% |

| | |
|--|-----|
| Kingston upon Hull North | 35% |
| Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle | 33% |
| Leeds Central | 39% |
| Leeds East | 35% |
| Leeds North East | 23% |
| Leeds North West | 19% |
| Leeds West | 31% |
| Morley and Outwood | 16% |
| Normanton, Pontefract and Castleford | 26% |
| Penistone and Stocksbridge | 15% |
| Pudsey | 14% |
| Richmond (Yorks) | 16% |
| Rother Valley | 21% |
| Rotherham | 33% |
| Scarborough and Whitby | 27% |
| Scunthorpe | 27% |
| Selby and Ainsty | 18% |
| Sheffield Central | 35% |
| Sheffield South East | 27% |
| Sheffield, Brightside and Hillsborough | 38% |
| Sheffield, Hallam | 9% |
| Sheffield, Heeley | 28% |
| Shipley | 18% |
| Skipton and Ripon | 15% |
| Thirsk and Malton | 19% |
| Wakefield | 27% |
| Wentworth and Dearne | 26% |
| York Central | 23% |
| York Outer | 12% |

Northern Ireland

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|------------------|-----|
| Antrim | 18% |
| Ards | 20% |
| Armagh | 21% |
| Ballymena | 20% |
| Ballymoney | 21% |
| Banbridge | 19% |
| Belfast | 28% |
| Carrickfergus | 18% |
| Castlereagh | 15% |
| Coleraine | 25% |
| Cookstown | 26% |
| Craigavon | 22% |
| Derry | 31% |
| Down | 21% |
| Dungannon | 22% |
| Fermanagh | 25% |
| Larne | 21% |
| Limavady | 29% |
| Lisburn | 20% |
| Magherafelt | 22% |
| Moyle | 25% |
| Newry and Mourne | 27% |
| Newtownabbey | 18% |
| North Down | 18% |
| Omagh | 25% |
| Strabane | 29% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Belfast East | 21% |
| Belfast North | 29% |
| Belfast South | 19% |
| Belfast West | 32% |
| East Antrim | 18% |
| East Londonderry | 26% |
| Fermanagh and South Tyrone | 23% |
| Foyle | 32% |
| Lagan Valley | 16% |
| Mid Ulster | 24% |
| Newry and Armagh | 25% |
| North Antrim | 21% |
| North Down | 18% |
| South Antrim | 17% |
| South Down | 22% |
| Strangford | 20% |
| Upper Bann | 21% |
| West Tyrone | 27% |

Scotland

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Aberdeen City | 18% |
| Aberdeenshire | 14% |
| Angus | 20% |
| Argyll and Bute | 19% |
| Clackmannanshire | 26% |
| Dumfries and Galloway | 23% |
| Dundee City | 28% |
| East Ayrshire | 26% |
| East Dunbartonshire | 13% |
| East Lothian | 19% |
| East Renfrewshire | 15% |
| Edinburgh, City of | 21% |
| Eilean Siar | 19% |
| Falkirk | 21% |
| Fife | 24% |
| Glasgow City | 33% |
| Highland | 19% |
| Inverclyde | 26% |
| Midlothian | 21% |
| Moray | 18% |
| North Ayrshire | 27% |
| North Lanarkshire | 25% |
| Orkney Islands | 14% |
| Perth and Kinross | 17% |
| Renfrewshire | 21% |
| Scottish Borders | 18% |
| Shetland Islands | 10% |
| South Ayrshire | 24% |
| South Lanarkshire | 20% |
| Stirling | 17% |
| West Dunbartonshire | 25% |
| West Lothian | 21% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|---|-----|
| Aberdeen North | 24% |
| Aberdeen South | 14% |
| Airdrie and Shotts | 27% |
| Angus | 23% |
| Argyll and Bute | 19% |
| Ayr, Carrick and Cumnock | 28% |
| Banff and Buchan | 19% |
| Berwickshire, Roxburgh and Selkirk | 19% |
| Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross | 22% |
| Central Ayrshire | 25% |
| Coatbridge, Chryston and Bellshill | 23% |
| Cumbernauld, Kilsyth and Kirkintilloch East | 21% |
| Dumfries and Galloway | 23% |
| Dumfriesshire, Clydesdale and Tweeddale | 20% |

| | |
|---|-----|
| Dundee East | 23% |
| Dundee West | 27% |
| Dunfermline and West Fife | 21% |
| East Dunbartonshire | 11% |
| East Kilbride, Strathaven and Lesmahagow | 18% |
| East Lothian | 19% |
| East Renfrewshire | 15% |
| Edinburgh East | 26% |
| Edinburgh North and Leith | 25% |
| Edinburgh South | 17% |
| Edinburgh South West | 22% |
| Edinburgh West | 17% |
| Falkirk | 20% |
| Glasgow Central | 41% |
| Glasgow East | 32% |
| Glasgow North | 29% |
| Glasgow North East | 37% |
| Glasgow North West | 31% |
| Glasgow South | 28% |
| Glasgow South West | 33% |
| Glenrothes | 29% |
| Gordon | 12% |
| Inverclyde | 26% |
| Inverness, Nairn, Badenoch and Strathspey | 18% |
| Kilmarnock and Loudoun | 25% |
| Kirkcaldy and Cowdenbeath | 26% |
| Lanark and Hamilton East | 21% |
| Linlithgow and East Falkirk | 21% |
| Livingston | 22% |
| Midlothian | 21% |
| Moray | 18% |
| Motherwell and Wishaw | 26% |
| Na h-Eileanan an Iar | 19% |
| North Ayrshire and Arran | 26% |
| North East Fife | 19% |
| Ochil and South Perthshire | 20% |
| Orkney and Shetland | 12% |
| Paisley and Renfrewshire North | 20% |
| Paisley and Renfrewshire South | 23% |
| Perth and North Perthshire | 18% |
| Ross, Skye and Lochaber | 18% |
| Rutherglen and Hamilton West | 22% |
| Stirling | 17% |
| West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine | 9% |
| West Dunbartonshire | 25% |

Wales

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

By Local Authority

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Blaenau Gwent | 30% |
| Bridgend | 27% |
| Caerphilly | 28% |
| Cardiff | 30% |
| Carmarthenshire | 27% |
| Ceredigion | 27% |
| Conwy | 25% |
| Denbighshire | 25% |
| Flintshire | 22% |
| Gwynedd | 23% |
| Isle of Anglesey | 26% |
| Merthyr Tydfil | 29% |
| Monmouthshire | 18% |
| Neath Port Talbot | 28% |
| Newport | 29% |
| Pembrokeshire | 26% |
| Powys | 20% |
| Rhondda Cynon Taf | 28% |
| Swansea | 26% |
| The Vale of Glamorgan | 22% |
| Torfaen | 28% |
| Wrexham | 24% |

By Parliamentary Constituency

| | |
|---|-----|
| Aberavon | 30% |
| Aberconwy | 24% |
| Alyn and Deeside | 21% |
| Arfon | 24% |
| Blaenau Gwent | 30% |
| Brecon and Radnorshire | 19% |
| Bridgend | 25% |
| Caerphilly | 28% |
| Cardiff Central | 31% |
| Cardiff North | 17% |
| Cardiff South and Penarth | 34% |
| Cardiff West | 31% |
| Carmarthen East and Dinefwr | 27% |
| Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire | 25% |
| Ceredigion | 27% |
| Clwyd South | 24% |
| Clwyd West | 24% |
| Cynon Valley | 30% |
| Delyn | 23% |
| Dwyfor Meirionnydd | 22% |
| Gower | 19% |
| Islwyn | 28% |
| Llanelli | 28% |
| Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney | 30% |

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Monmouth | 18% |
| Montgomeryshire | 21% |
| Neath | 26% |
| Newport East | 29% |
| Newport West | 26% |
| Ogmore | 28% |
| Pontypridd | 22% |
| Preseli Pembrokeshire | 26% |
| Rhondda | 32% |
| Swansea East | 31% |
| Swansea West | 29% |
| Torfaen | 29% |
| Vale of Clwyd | 28% |
| Vale of Glamorgan | 24% |
| Wrexham | 23% |
| Ynys Môn | 26% |

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